

# Modeling GHG and hydrological conditions of peatlands by CoupModel

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# History

- SOIL model (Jansson & Halldin, 1979)
- SOILN (Johnsson et al. 1987)
- CoupModel (Jansson & Moon, 2001)

# **Key characteristics**

- One-dimensional, vertical layered soil profile including plant
- Strong physically based, thus applicable for all terrestrial ecosystems
- Focus on the user defined objective rather than a given scale of resolution in time and space.

Model is available free of charge: <u>http://www.coupmodel.com/</u>



# CoupModel

**Forcing**: global radiation, precipitation, air temperature, relative humidity, wind speed





Atmosphere-soil interaction





#### Water and heat processes



#### **Major inputs:**

- Water retention curve
- Hydraulic conductivity
- **Drainage** level
- Thermal conductivity including LE at thawing/melting



#### **Major inputs:**

- LAI
- Root distribution
- Surface/leaf resistance
- Plant cover influence aerodynamic conditions
- Plant canopies compete



# Single/Multiple Big leaf Model



#### **Carbon and Nitrogen processes**



#### Major inputs:

- SOM pools
- Plant biomass pools
- Plant allocation pattern
- Plant nutrient uptake
- N deposition
- Plant management
- Soil management

(Jansson and Karlberg, 2011)



#### Ectomycorrhiza model (He et al. 2018, GMD)





# N<sub>2</sub>O emission model (Norman et al. 2008, Ecological Modelling)





#### CH<sub>4</sub> emission model



(Jansson and Karlberg, 2011)



## Handling uncertainty



Deterministic

Probabilistic (stochastic) uncertainties

Statistical methods

Possibilitstic uncertainties

Non-statistical (informal) methods

#### Bayesian calibration

# **GLUE** (Juston, Phd thesis)



# Short summary of CoupModel

- One-dimensional, vertical layered soil profile
- Mechanistic model with many components:

Energy, interaction with boundary layer meteorology

heat including frozen soils

Water, liquid, vapor and ice

- C and N all the major processes
- A tool to play with various combinations of parameter and equations
- Uncertainty expressed as combination of model uncertainty and parameter uncertainties



# CoupModel performance on peatlands (R<sup>2</sup>)

Ecosystem	Site	Ecosystem flux			Soil gas flux		Soil abiotics		
		Н	LE	NEE	CO2	N20	Т	θ	GWL
Forests	Skogaryd	0.6	0.7	0.5		0.1	0.95	0.6	0.8
	Åsa			0.5	0.5		0.9		0.4
	Kalevansuo	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.05	0.96		0.5
	Lettosuo	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.04	0.94		0.6
Wetlands	Degerö Stormyr	0.6	0.5	0.4			0.95		0.4
	Lompolojänkkä			0.59	0.64		0.87		
	Auchencorth			0.55	0.38		0.89		
Restored	Horstermeer			0.48	0.45		0.91		
Grassland	Freisinger Moos			0.25	0.69		0.89		



# N<sub>2</sub>O emissions - Skogaryd



He et al., (2016) ecological modelling



#### **GHG** balance over rotational period

(He et al., 2016 Biogeosciences)



Forests on drained agricultural peatlands are a large GHG source 15



#### **Scenario prediction** Average of 80 years





#### **Reducing GHG emissions by land use change**

Willow and Reed canary grass with intermediate water depth Also economic feasibility



**Primary Research Articles** 

#### Land use of drained peatlands: greenhouse gas fluxes, plant production, and economics

Global Change Biology



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## Summary

- CoupModel has been tested to simulate the hydrology and associated CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O emissions for a number of managed peatlands.
- The model is also capable to simulate most of human management practices both for plants and soil.